

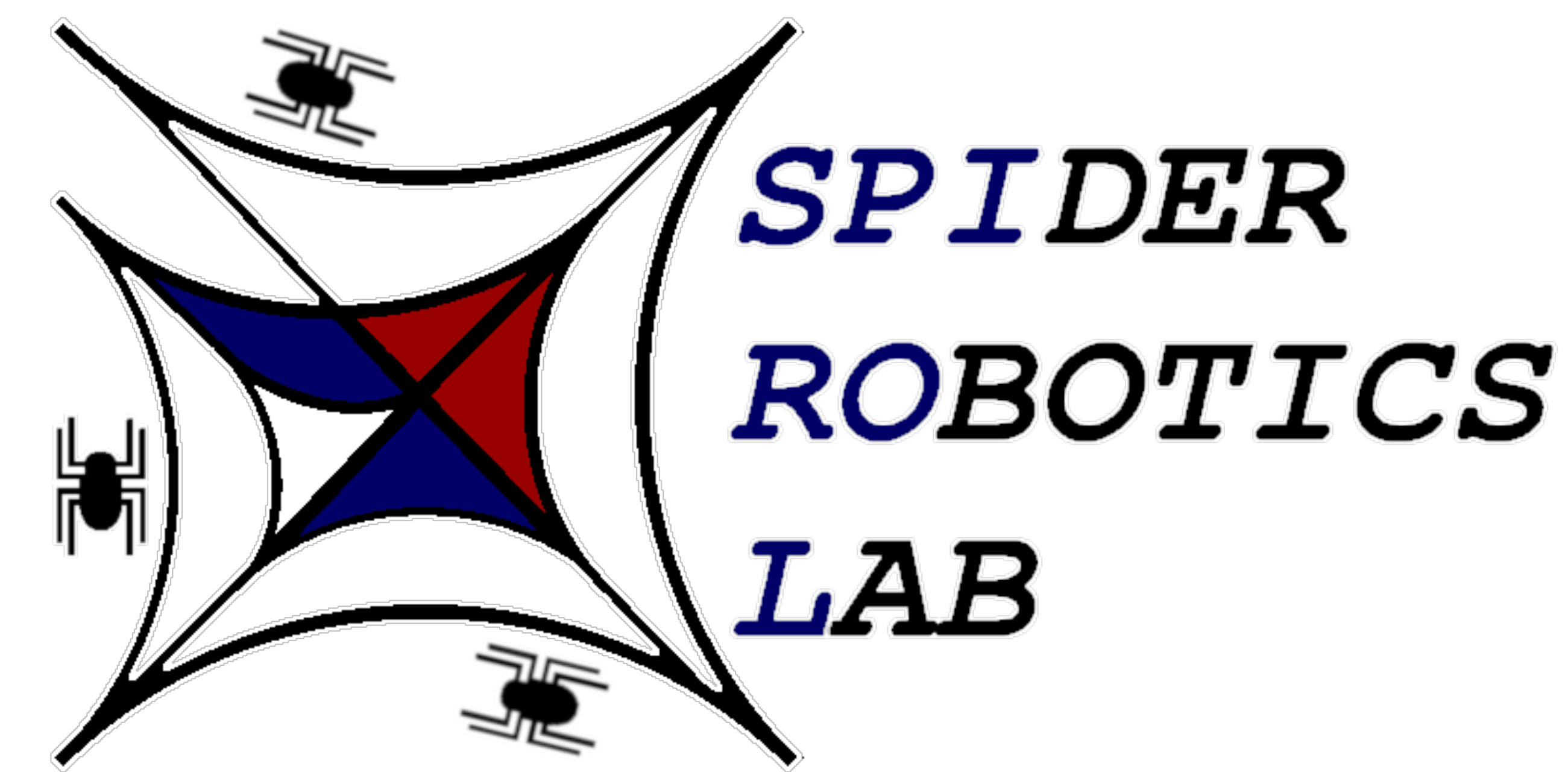


# Plan A: Stopping an Active Shooter

## Simulation of an Active Threat Scenario

Paige Li and Victor Chen | Mentored by Dr. Jory Denny

<http://www.mathcs.richmond.edu/~jdenny>



### Problem & Motivation

#### Motivation

- Provide a preparational tool for law enforcement and campuses to help prepare for active threat crises
- Develop an accurate and realistic model of active threat situations by combining a multi-agent system with a physically-based simulator

#### Problem

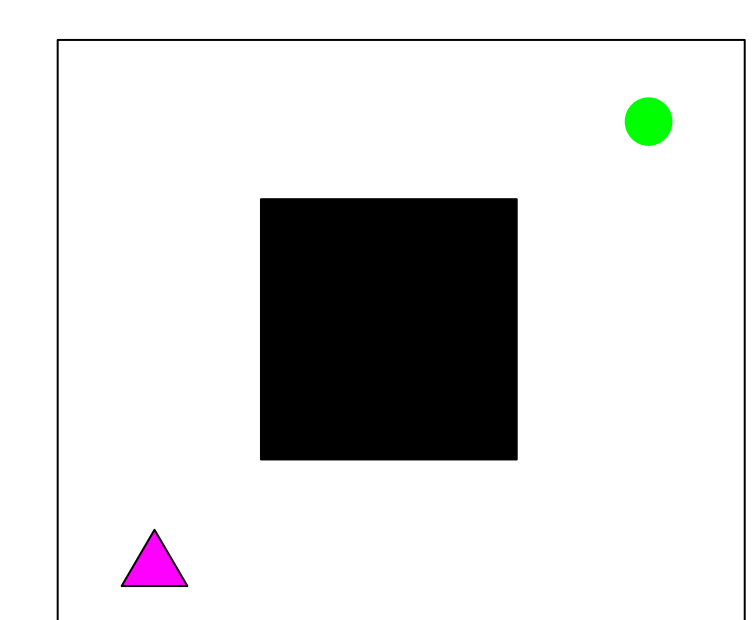
- How can we model active threat scenarios accurately?
- How can we realistically simulate human behaviors and reactions in these situations?



### Agent Overview

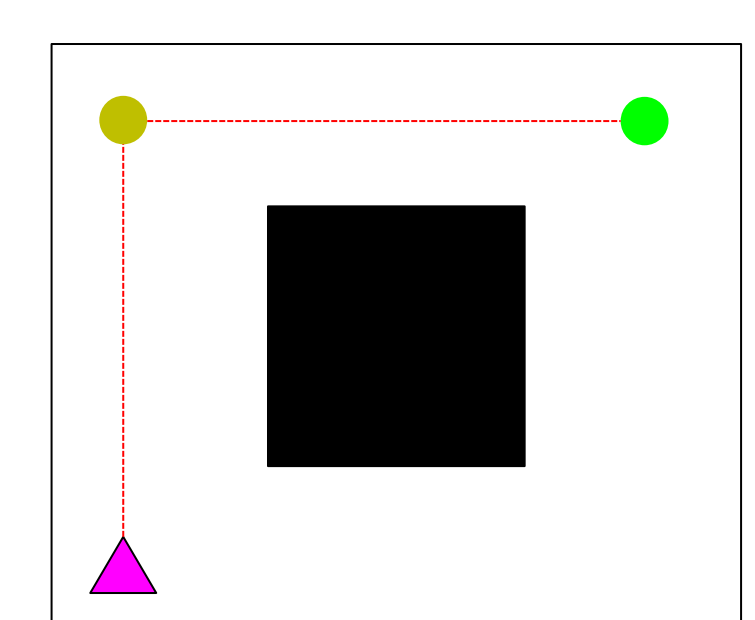
#### Behaviors

Determines what goal the agent needs to reach



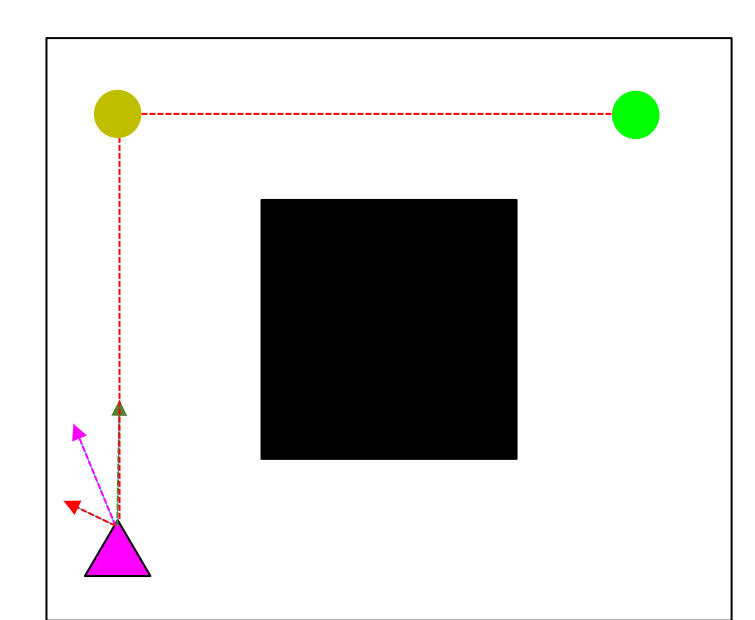
#### Motion Planner

Determines subgoals needed to avoid obstacles



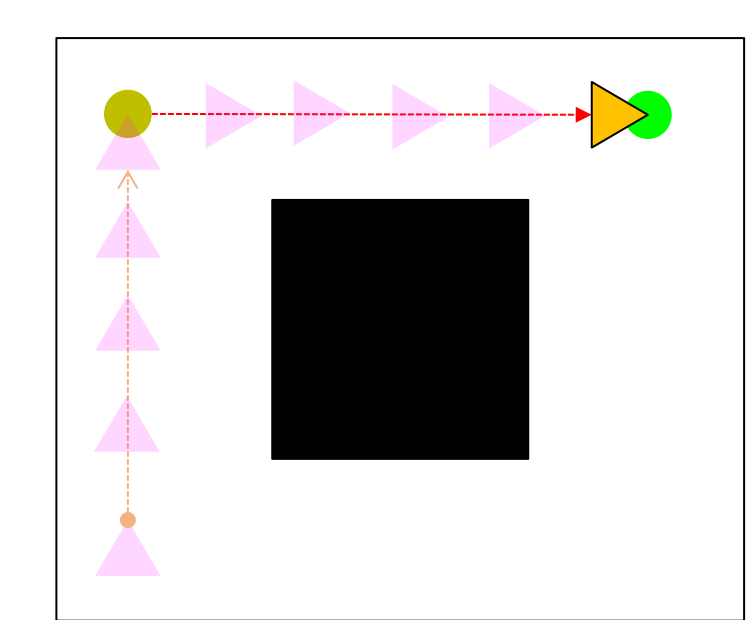
#### Local Controller

Determines a force to accelerate the agent



#### Motion Model

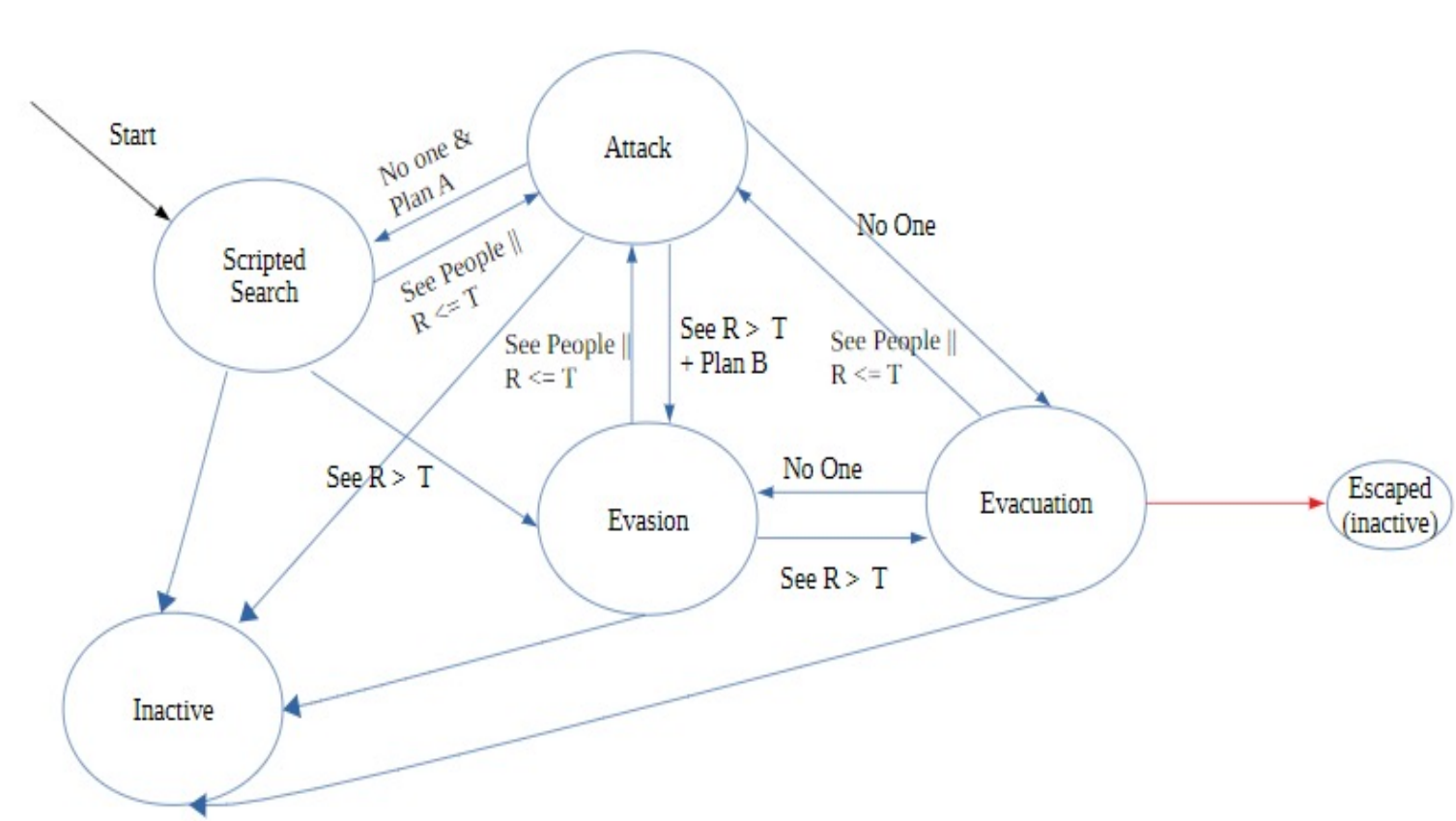
Alters the agent's position and velocity



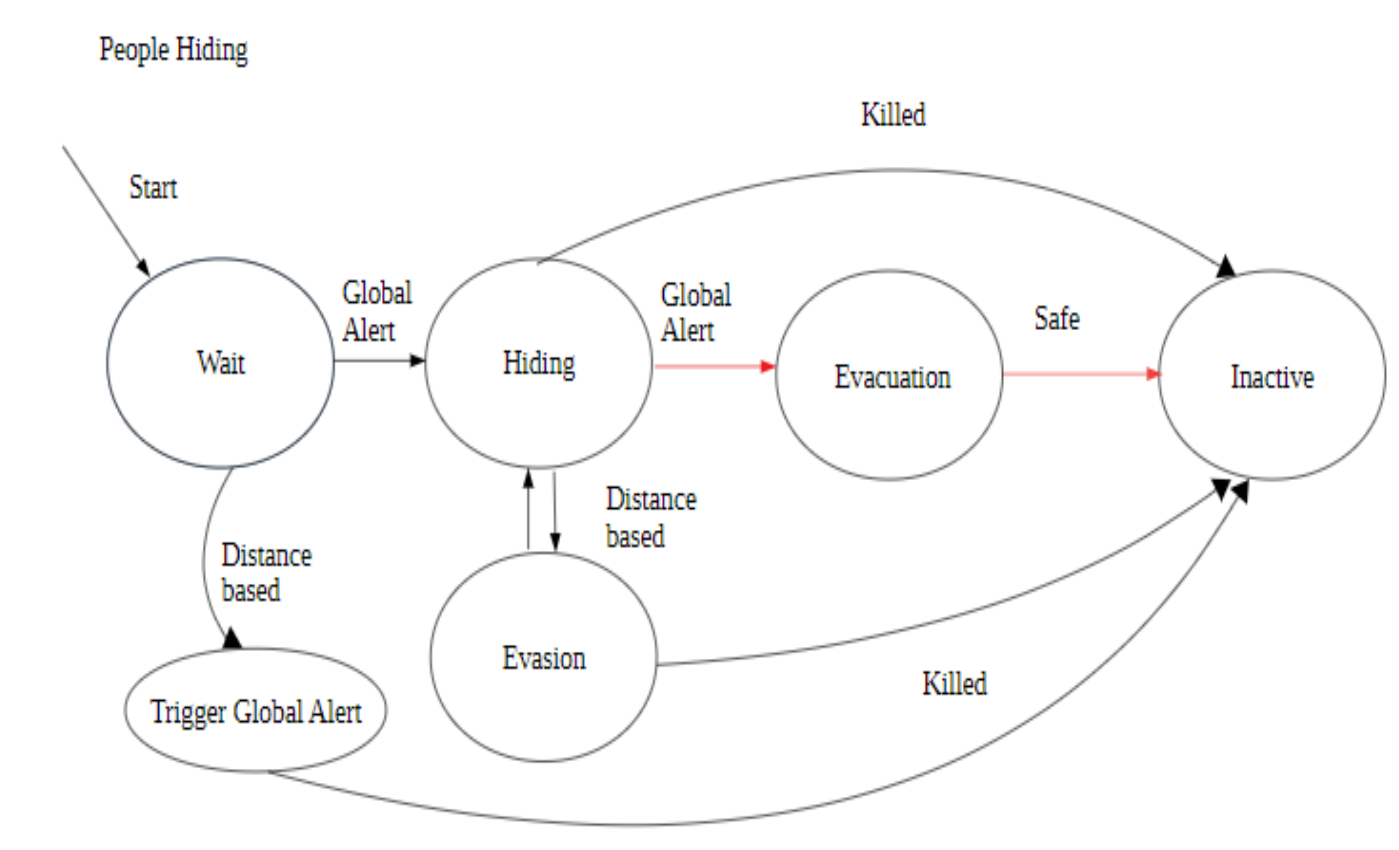
### Multi-Behavior

- We chose to represent our three complex behaviors (Threat, Responder, Person) as state transition diagrams.
- Each state in this diagram is a smaller and simpler behavior
- Transitions between states represent events in the scenario.

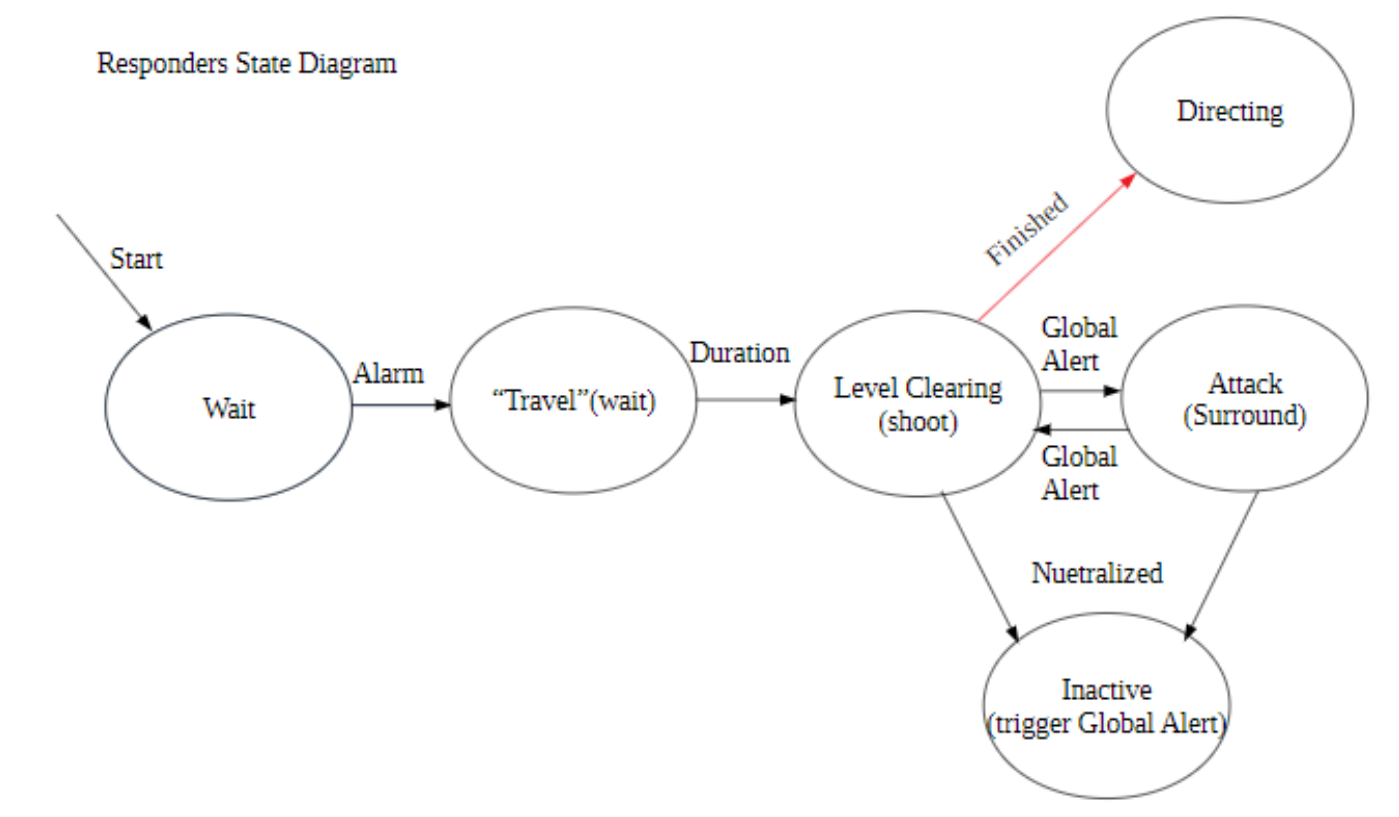
#### Threat:



#### People:



#### Responder:



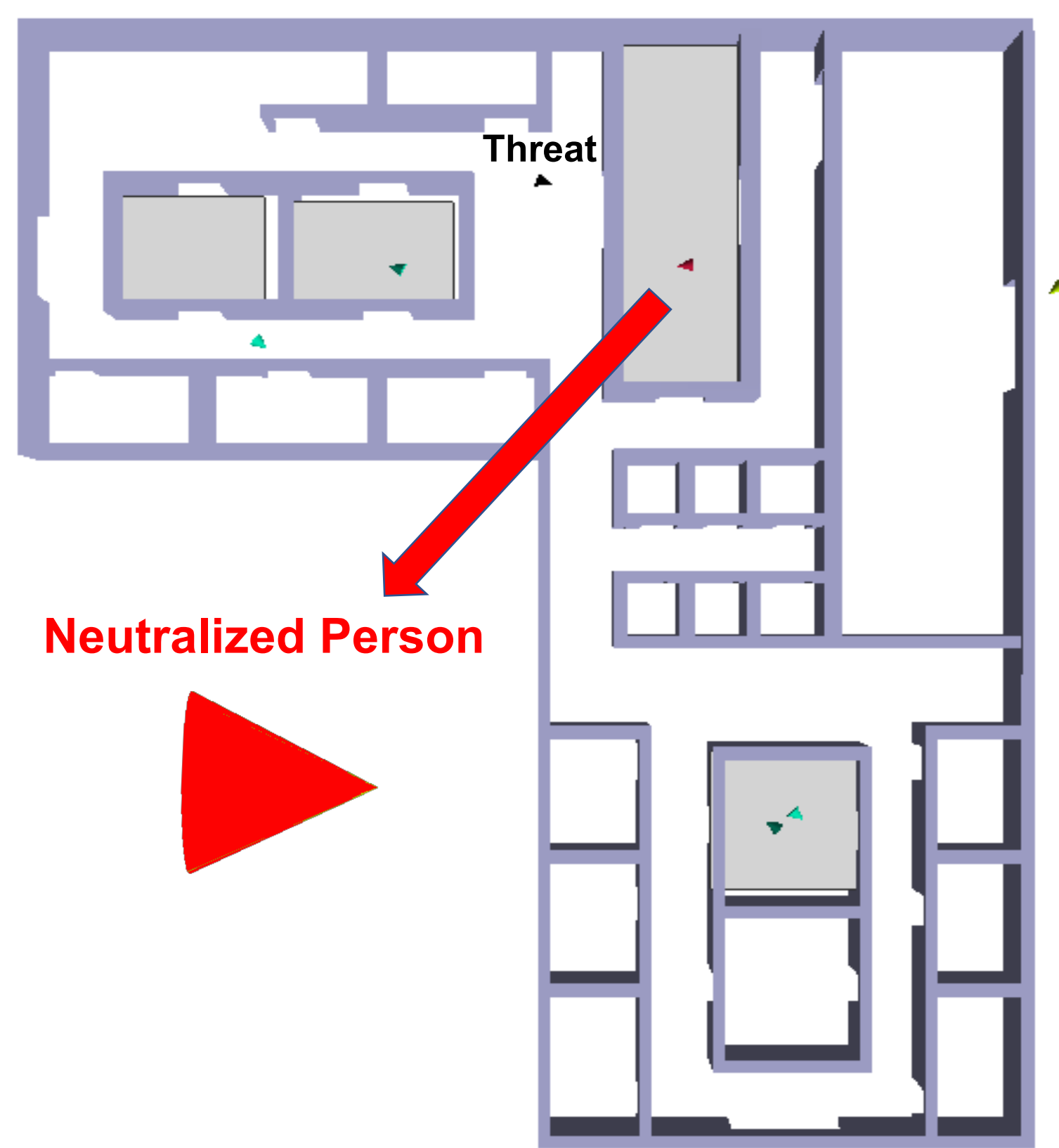
### Active Threat Scenario

#### Initial State



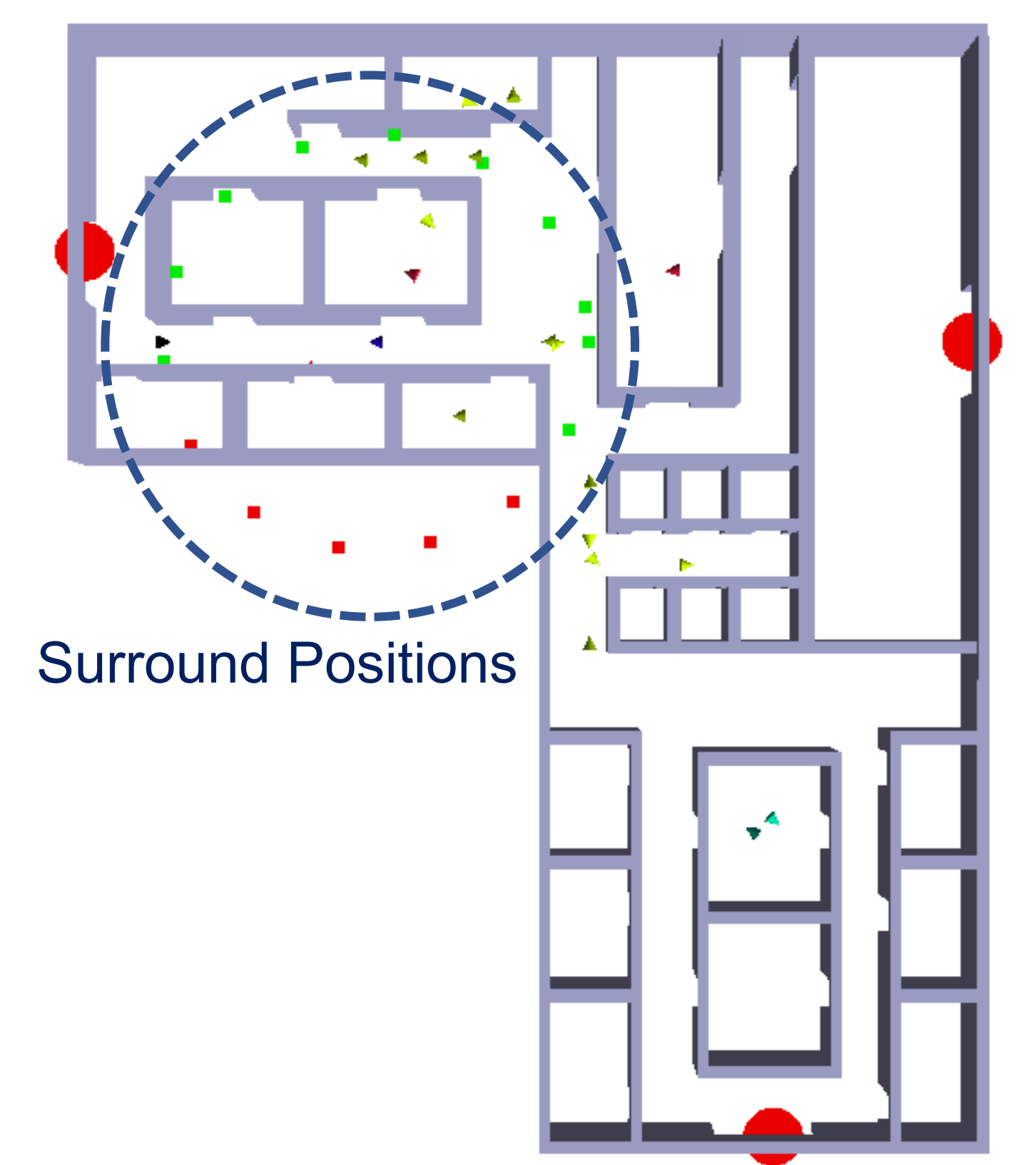
Threat and responders start outside the building. People loiter around inside the structure.

#### Attack State



Threat attacks people in view range. This sends an alert to other people in the building to hide and to the responders to enter the building.

#### Surround State



After a responder is neutralized, other responders will create a surrounding formation around that agent's position.

### Future Work

- Experimentally analyze our approach
- Improve efficiency and complexity of current behaviors
- Simulating these behaviors in multi-level buildings
- Improving graphical display

### References

- Rodriguez S., Denny J., Zourmos T., Amato N.M. (2010) Toward Simulating Realistic Pursuit-Evasion Using a Roadmap-Based Approach. In: Boulic R., Chrysanthou Y., Komura T. (eds) Motion in Games. MIG 2010. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol 6459. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg
- Burchan Bayazit, O & Lien, Jyh-ming & Amato, Nancy. (2003). Better Group Behaviors Using Rule-Based Roadmaps. Springer Tracts in Advanced Robotics. 7.